Figures of Presidential Election of 1896, and Congressional Election Following, with Reference to Next Year's Campaign.



Map Showing Election Results of 1896, Republican States Shaded.

Republican Vote, 7,104,779; Representing 271 Electoral Votes, Democratic Vote, 6,502,925; Representing 176 Electoral Votes.

The Republican view is quite different. They prophesy McKinley's re-election on the following grounds:

1. McKinley's successful administrational committee met and indersed the tion of civil and military affairs. Chicago platform of 1896 and Mr. Bryan, who was present. Mr. Bryan at present has control of the machinery of the party, and there seems little doubt of his renomination. Some of the leading gold Democrats of 1896 are announcing their opposition to the platform and candidate once more, but the exact amount of opposition within the party cannot be determined for some time.

Mr. Bryan's friends lay claim to success on the following grounds:

1. Most gold Democrats will vote for Bryan either because they do not like the treatment they have received from Republicans or because they are opposed to imperialism.

2. Many former Republicans will vote for Bryan because they are opposed to trusts and imperialism and because they

think free silver would help the situation.

8. A reaction against an administration always sets in, and in normal times it is virtually impossible to re-elect any Pres-

4. Bryan is better known than in 1896, fear of a panic no longer exists and this country is able to establish free silver on Its own account and maintain it.

AUTOCARS FOR THE MAILS.

Postoffice Department Experiments

with Them in 1 uffalo.

postal authorities have been experi-

menting with autocars for use in the

postal service. Heretofore collection wagons have been hauled by weary

horses. In the big down-town district

where collections are of hourly hap-

wagon with its despondent nag is the

For some time past the Chicago

The prosperity that has come from the Dingley tariff and the gold standard.

3. Gold Democrats will not support Bryan and the Democratic party cannot be made to unite on any one.

The study of election figures of 1897

and 1898 is interesting at this time. No one will claim that they necessarily fore-tell the result in 1900, but they do give a pretty correct idea of what the Democrats must overcome in order to win. The two diagrams given herewith show the results of the elections in 1896 and 1898, the Republican States being shaded. will be noted that McKinley carried a compact body of States covering the northeast section of the country and Oregon and California in addition. These States represented a total of 271 electoral votes, Bryan capturing one in California and one in Kentucky. The vote for the two leading candidates was:

some persons count the votes of the high-est electors and some the lowest, while of the result in 1896, the difference being

The wagons are much like those now

in use. They have a covered seat,

the machine. They lie low on sturdy

trucks of iron, but light in construc-

tion. They have the covered body with

a door in the rear, which can be locked

after the collector has deposited the

contents of a mail box. They have

thirty-inch wheels with pneumatic

tires and are otherwise the same wag-

The principal change to be noted in

pening men on foot do the work. But one now in use where a bedraggled and

in the outer districts the contract melancholy horse is the drawing power.

THE OLD MAIL WAGONS AND THE NEW.

IDAHO HEBR. HEV. UTAH ! COLO. IND. T. ARIZ ! N. MEX.

Map Showing Election Results of 1898, Republican Stat's Shadel.

Republican Vote, 5,499,064; Representing 272 Electoral Votes, Democratic Vote, 5,427,224; Representing 175 Electoral Votes,

tal plurality was little more than his pluralities in New York and Pennsylvania What combined.

There were few State elections in 1897, and in none of them were the changes important except that New York and Kentucky went Democratic.

In 1898 there were State elections in all but a few of the States and in all the congressional districts. The diagram above shows which States were carried by each party, those by Republicans being shaded. It will be noted that the Democrats gained over 1896 only two States-Kentucky and Minnesota-and the latter only on the governorship, where fusion elected a popular Scandinavian by 20,000 plurality, though the Republicans carried every congressional district by pluralities aggregating over 32,000.

On the other hand, the Republicans gained Washington, Wyoming, Kansas and South Dakota, which have twentyone electoral votes, the same as Kentucky and Minnesota. The total vote in 1898 in the various States foots up as follows: Republican, 5,499,065; Democratic, 5,427,224.

The vote in the electoral college represented by these States are: Republican, 272; Democratic, 175, or within one vote

The Republican view is quite different. others give the average. McKinley's to accounted for by the Bryan vote in Cal-

What Mr. Bryan must have to win is forty-nine more electoral votes than his party carried last fall. In all probability he must have fifty-eight votes, for Minnesota can scarcely be imagined as a sure Democratic State. As to where these votes would come from in case of Mr. Bryan's election, those interested in the subject may figure out for them-selves with the aid of the above maps and the following table, which gives the

	electoral vote of eac	70. T 2 V 100 C
	Alabama11	
	Arkansas 8	Nevada
	California 9	New Hampshire
	Colorado 4	New Jersey1
	Connecticut 6	New York
		North Carolina1
	Florida 4	North Dakota
	Georgia13	Ohlo
	Idaho 3	Oregon
	Illinois24	Pennsylvania3
Ŗ	Indiana15	
e,		South Carolina
ļ	Kansas10	
	Beniucky13	Tennessee1
		Texas1
E	Maine 6	Utah
3	Maryland 8	Vermont
	Massachusetts15	Virginia
	Michigan14	Washington
Ŀ		West Virginia
	Mississippi 9	Wisconsin1
ŝ	Missouri	Wyoming
ß	Total	

NATURE'S WAR PAINT.

Dark Backs and Light Breasts Make where the operator can sit and manage Birds Almost Invisible.

> Passing through the Natural History Museum a day or two ago, my eye was arrested by a case which apparently contained a gray, duck-like bird facing its own ghost. The "no passage" barrier precluded closer inspection, and for five minutes I stood staring at the case, unable to make out what that wraith-like, almost invisible bird-form might be.

> I had given it up, when the descrip-tive tablet, which had been pushed aside, came to my assistance. The exhibit is designed by a clever American naturalist to show why Nature has colored most wild beasts and birds dark above and light below.

> The visible bird was a model clad in fannel of dingy-gray, background of similar hue it showed up distinctly, thanks to the light on

> its back and its own shade. Its ghost-like companion, clad in the same way, owed its invisibility to the application of a little dark point on its back and a little white paint underneath after the fashion affected by scores of birds.

> It seems incredible that such painting could make the difference, but so

AN EXILED MONUMENT.

Germany Would Not Permit Ita Erection - New York Dedicates It.

In Bronx borough, New York, has been unveiled a monument with a unique and romantic history. It is a sculptured exile driven from Germany because of the bitter feeling that still exists against the man whom it commemorates.

The monument is a fountain, repre enting the Lorelei, famous in German song and legend, and commemorating Heine, the poet, whose verses of German legend-and particularly of the Lorelei-are familiar in every German erty made him detestable to German was himself.

The monument was designed by Prof. Herter, one of Germany's foremost artmale figure of the Lorelel-the legendary siren who dwelt in a cave on the River Rhine and lured men to destruction in the whirlpool. The work was admired by all Germans, but when its erection was attempted at Frankfort the authorities forbade the work to go on. Then it was taken to Dusseldorf, Hamburg and other cities, with similar results. Finally a number of wealthy New Yorkers agreed to buy it and put it up in New York. Here again there was an objection. It was said that Heine was not an American and had

thing to do with this country After

a long struggle the objection was overcome and now the memorial is in place in the northern end of the city.



THE HEINE FOUNTAIN.

the fountain's base will lead to a better knowledge of the delightful legends of the Rhine.

The Fear of Fear.

Some one says the only thing to fear is fear, and that's about right. That doesn't mean that one is to go about in a state of cheerful idlocy, caressing every buzz saw he comes across in the absurd idea that nothing can do him harm. That would be invoking the foolkiller, who does sometimes catch up with such people. It means the practical application of the idea that there are two things one need not worry about-what he can help and what he cannot help. If a thing can be helped, it's help and not worry that it needs, and if it cannot be helped, it is high time that the "incident be closed," as the diplomats say.—Chicago Drovers' Journal.

No Mustaches in Alaska.

Men exposed to the rigors of the Alaska winter never wear mustaches. They wear full beards to protect the throat and face, but keep the upper lips clean shaven. The moisture from the breath congeals so quickly that a mustache becomes embedded in a solid cake of ice and the face is frozen in a short time.

Sound Advice.

Manager-There is one motto, my young friend, that you seem to have eft out of your consideration, and that I advise you henceforth to bear in mind.

Fresh actor-What is that, pray? Manager-Think before you act-Richmond Dispatch.

No man would be conceited if he could see himself as others see him.

Even the quiet waiter is frequently

THE BEST MAN WINS.

Prize fighting may not be a pleasant subject but it teaches a lesson—the inabilityon man to hold the championship for any length of time. How unlike that great champion of health, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has for fifty years curep constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness and liver trouble.

Absurd on the Face of It.

Hardacre-Wall, Maria, these city folks do things outrageously.

Mrs. Hardacre-What is it now, H17 Mr. Hardacre-Wall, jest look what's painted on that pail up thar, "Use For Fire Only." Now, who in all creation could build a fire in a pail?-

Kill Germs of Disease.

The modern way to cure disease is to destroy its germs. Cascarets Candy Cathartic are mod-ern germ-killers, and cleansers. 10c, 25c, 50c.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a God-send to me.—Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Florida. Sept. 17, 1895.

FITS Permanentiy Cured. No fits or nervous ness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FRACE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINK, Ltd \$30 Arch St. Philadelphia, Pa

"You May Bend the Sapling But Not the Tree.'

When disease has become chronic and dekp seated it is often difficult to cure it. That is the reason why it is best to take Hood's Sarsaparilla when disease first shows itself. In long-seated, tenacious cases, Hood's Sarsaparilla is also awonderfully successful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

His Wedding Fee.

A clergyman, speaking of wedding fees, said: "About a month ago a couple came to my church to get married in accordance with arrangements made with me. The church was opened and lighted up brilliantly, and the organist played the regulation marches. The nuptial knot being tied, the smiling groom approached me and placed a spotless waite envelope in my hands. It was heavy, and a touch showed that it contained a coin. I concluded that it was a \$10 goldpiece. After the bridal party had departed I opened the envelope. What do you suppose it contained? A silver quarter. I dropped it in the poor box."-Brooklyn Times.

Taking No Chances.

"Now." said the enterprising interviewer, "please read this over and hold up your right hand."

"But," said the public man, "this is merely an interview."

"That's all it is now. But I thought it would be a good thing to be appointed a notary public. We've had too many denials, and this article's going to be an attidavit before it gets into the paper."-Washington Star.



ACTS GENTLY ON THE

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS CLEANSES THE SYSTEM

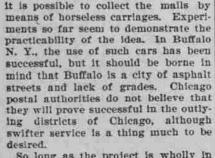
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY, OVERCOMES HEADACHES OVERCOMES HEADACHES OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

GURRNIA FIG SYRVP &.

ARTER'S INK for it. If your dealer hasn't it he can get it easily.

OR. GUNN'S IMPROVED PILLS

ONE FOR A DOSE. Cure Sick Headac and Dyspepsia, Remove Pimples and Purify ti and Dyspepsia, Remove Pimples and Purily the Blood, Aid Digestion and Prevent Billouness. Do not Gripe or Sicken. To convince you, we will mail sample free, or full box for 25c. DR. BOSANKO CO., Philada., Penna. Sold by Drugglais.



had its attention called to the fact that

So long as the project is wholly in the experimental stage no special type of mail car to be operated automatically can be fixed upon as the style of greatest utility. But in the cases where cars have been used a general type has been used. Capacity for the storage of bundles of letters is a prerequisite. The express wagons used have great storage capacity. They are electric cars with storage batteries as motors. In the mail cars the same gen-

real thing. But the Government has these wagons is that the rear trucks carry nearly all of the carrying capa-The gearing will be rigged much like a four-wheeled hose reel of light steel, with a space back of the household, but whose advocacy of libforward trucks for the placing of the battery or whatever kind of motor is royalty. Heine has been dead years, to be used. The vehicle back of this but his memory is as much an object will hang low as the ordinary mail of hatred in governmental circles as he wagon does, thus providing a recepscle for the collections. The machine can be operated by one man, as is the case at present. He will sit in the box ists. Surmounting the whole is a feseat in front, where the motor and steering gear will come close to the hand. When the vehicle is stopped for any purpose he can dismount and take on or discharge his collections as readily if not more so than he does now while his nag is browsing on the grass plats near the curb.

> Strength and lightness are the two essentials in the construction. Recent experiments seem to demonstrate that the automobile can be used on country roads with as much success as the bi-